

Working Together to Ensure Healthier Families

Nurse-Family Partnership Overview

North Idaho 2011

Overview



Nurse-Family Partnership is...

- An evidence-based, community health program
- Transforming lives of vulnerable first-time mothers living in poverty
- Improving prenatal care, quality of parenting and life prospects for mothers by partnering them with a registered nurse

Every dollar invested in Nurse-Family Partnership can yield **up to five dollars in return**.



"There is a magic window during pregnancy...it's a time when the desire to be a good mother and raise a healthy, happy child creates motivation to overcome incredible obstacles including poverty, instability or abuse with the help of a well-trained nurse."

David Olds, PhD, Founder, Nurse-Family Partnership

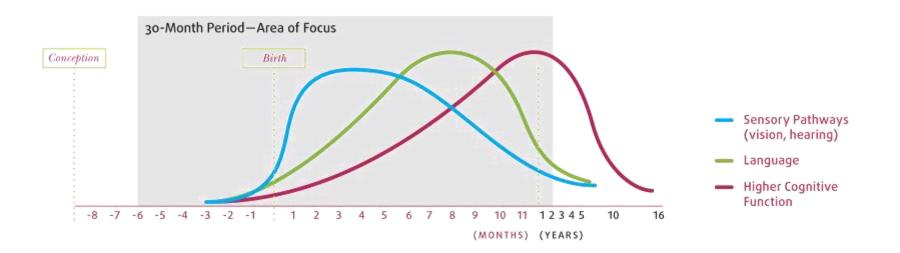


Overview



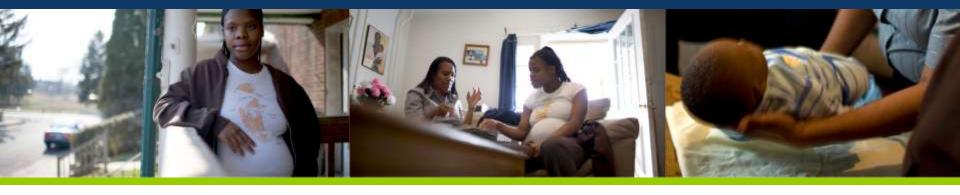
Human Brain Development

Synapse formation dependent on early experiences



Source: Nelson, C.A., From Neurons to Neighborhoods (2000). Shonkoff, J. & Phillips, D. (Eds.)





Program Goals

- Improve pregnancy outcomes
- Improve child health and development
- Improve parents' economic selfsufficiency

Key Program Components

- First-time, at-risk mothers
- Registered nurses
- Intensive services (intensity, duration)
- Focus on behavior
- Program fidelity (Clinical Information System)

Why Nurses?

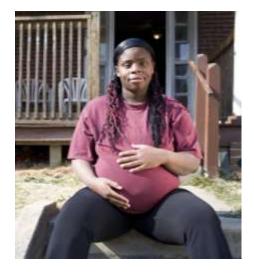
- Knowledge, judgment and skills
- High level of trust, low stigma
- Credibility and perceived authority
- Nursing theory and practice at core of original model



Trials of the Program

Dr. Olds' research & development of NFP continues today...







1977 Elmira, NY

Participants: 400

Population: Low-income

whites

Studied: **Semi-rural area**

1988

Memphis, TN

Participants: 1,139

Studied: Urban area

1994

Denver, CO

Participants: 735

Population: Low-income blacks Population: Large portion of Hispanics

Studied: Nurse and paraprofessionals



"The great thing about Nurse-Family Partnership is that it works. To put it simply...it decreases about everything you want to decrease and increases about everything you'd want it to increase."

Dr. Thomas R. Frieden, former New York City Health Commissioner (now Director, CDC, and Administrator, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry)



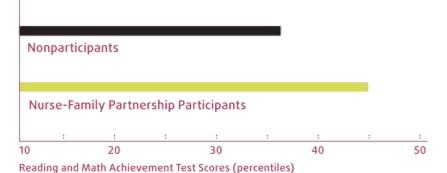
Research





Academic Achievement

Grades 1–3, Age 9—Memphis (Born to low-resource mothers)



Source: Reproduced with permission from *Pediatrics*, Vol. 120, e838, Copyright © 2007 by the AAP.

Preschool Language Scale

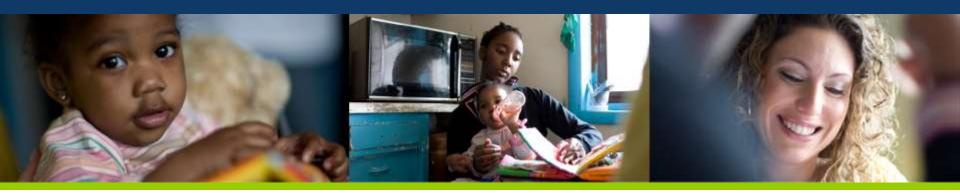
Age 4—Denver (Born to low-resource mothers)



Source: Reproduced with permission from Pediatrics, Vol. 114, 1565, Copyright $\ensuremath{\$}$ 2004 by the AAP.

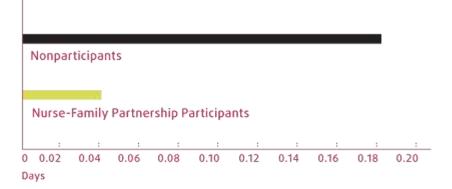


Research



Days Hospitalized for Injuries

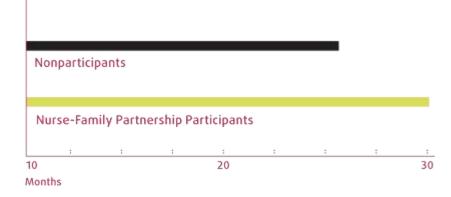
Birth to age 2—Memphis



Source: JAMA, 1997, Vol. 278, 650, Copyright © 1997, American Medical Association. All rights reserved.

Months Between Births

Between first and second child (by first child's fifth birthday)—Memphis



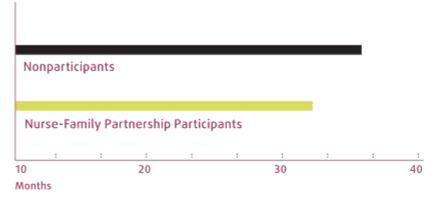
Source: JAMA, 2000, Vol. 283, 1987, Copyright © 2000, American Medical Association. All rights reserved.



Research

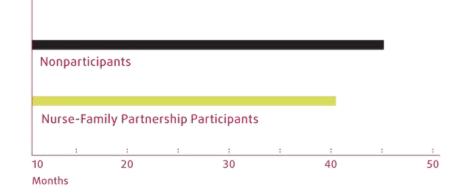


Months Receiving Welfare Assistance (AFDC)
Birth through age 5—Memphis



Source: JAMA, 2000, Vol. 283, 1987, Copyright © 2000, American Medical Association. All rights reserved.

Months Receiving Food Stamps
Birth through age 5—Memphis



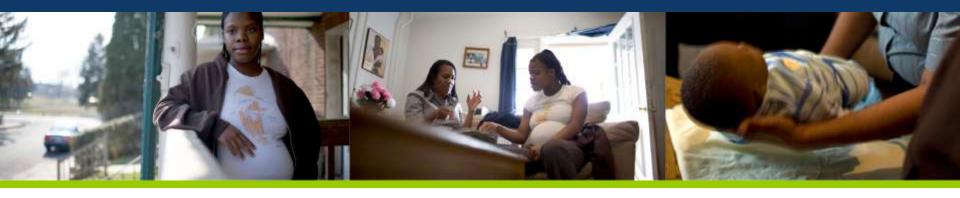
Source: JAMA, 2000, Vol. 283, 1987, Copyright © 2000, American Medical Association. All rights reserved.



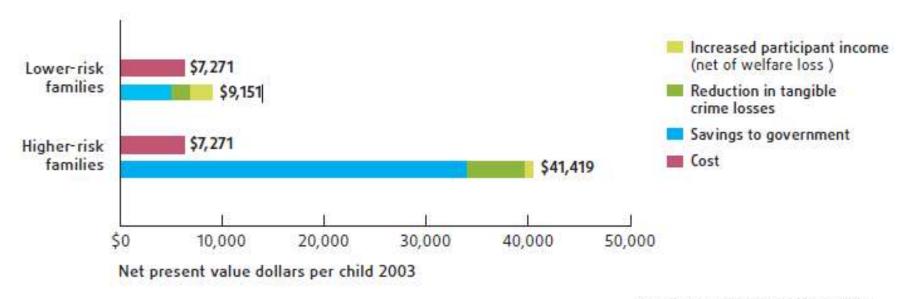
"If communities are truly interested in making sound investments that will yield high public and private gains in both the long and short run, they would fare far better by investing in evidence-based, early child development initiatives like Nurse-Family Partnership than in professional sports stadiums or office towers."

Rob Grunewald, Associate Economist, Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis





Monetary Savings



Source: 2005 RAND Corporation Study





Nurse-Family Partnership is Cost-Effective

 The RAND Corporation estimates Nurse-Family Partnership can return up to \$5.70 for each \$1 spent on the program.*

Savings accrue to government from **decreased spending** on:

health care criminal justice

child protection mental health

education public assistance

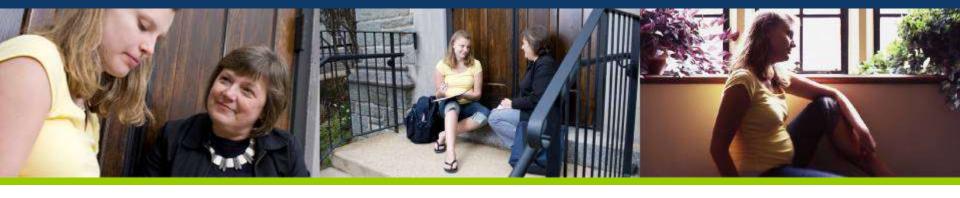
And **increased taxes** paid by employed parents

 Nurse-Family Partnership returns more than \$18,000 over and above program costs for each family enrolled.** (Washington State Institute for Public Policy 2008)

^{**} Savings related to low birth weight, child injuries and immunizations not included



^{*} RAND Corporation 1998, 2005; return for highest risk families



Anticipated program effects per 100 participating families

- 50% decrease in language delays at 21 months resulting in a savings of \$133,000-\$440,000*
- 50% reduction in child abuse and neglect among children from birth to two years, resulting in a **savings of \$38,500***
- 29% reduction in subsequent births within two years after the birth of the first child and a 14% increase in time between first and second births, reducing risk of premature delivery and saving \$80,933 for every premature birth that was prevented*



^{*}Source: New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene 2004

"This program saves money. It raises healthy babies and creates better parents. It reduced childhood injuries and unintended pregnancies, increased father involvement and women's employment, reduced use of welfare and food stamps, and increased children's school readiness."

Barack Obama, U.S. Senator (now President)



How It Works



Characteristics of Nurse-Family Partnership Implementing Agencies

Strong reputation

Financially stable

Excellent working relationships

Effective

Committed

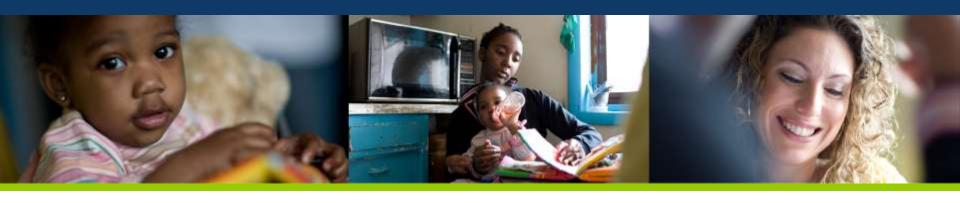
Mission driven

Flexible and supportive of nursing staff

Focused on success



How It Works



Sources of Nurse-Family Partnership Funding

- Medicaid
- TANF/Public Welfare
- Title V/Maternal and Child Health Initiatives
- Child Abuse Prevention
- Juvenile Justice/Delinquency Prevention
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health

- Tobacco Settlement
- United Way
- State, City and County General Funds
- Private Philanthropy
- School Readiness
- Maternal, Infant and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program (federal)



Home Visit Overview

Personal Health

Health Maintenance Practices
Nutrition and Exercise
Substance Use
Mental Health Functioning

Environmental Health

Home Work, School, and Neighborhood

Life Course Development

Family Planning
Education and Livelihood

Maternal Role

Mothering Role Physical Care Behavioral and Emotional Care

Family and Friends

Personal network
Relationships
Assistance with Childcare

Health and Human Services

Service Utilization



How It Works



The National Service Office

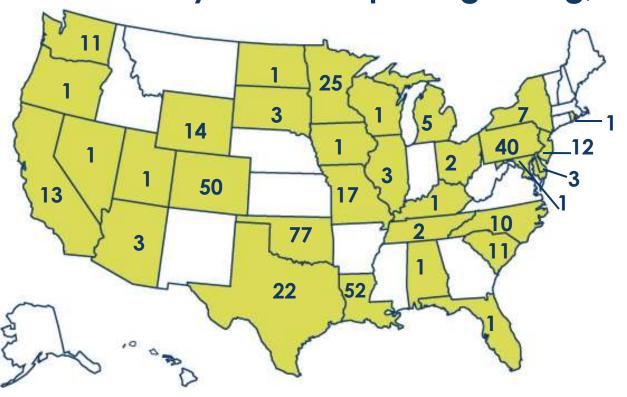
- Prepares communities and agencies to implement Nurse-Family Partnership model with fidelity
- Educates nurse home visitors and nurse supervisors
- Provides ongoing clinical support
- Provides ongoing agency management and operations support
- Advocates for local political support and long-term resources
- Provides resources/training for marketing and community outreach
- Collects and evaluates data to ensure quality services and to guide quality improvement



Where we work



Nurse-Family Partnership is a growing, national program











Typical Implementation

- 4 or 8 nurse team
- A full-time supervisor ideally
- Maximum caseload per nurse of 25 families
- Nurses at least 0.5 FTE NFP, ideally full-time
- Weekly 1:1 reflective supervison
- Bi-weekly case conferences
- Bi-weekly team meetings
- Monthly supervisor calls with Nurse Consultant
- Cost averages \$5,000 per family per year





Implementation Variation

- 2 or 3 nurse teams with a 0.5 FTE supervisor in rural areas
- Multi-county collaboratives (2 to 12 counties)
- Remote nurses linked to a larger team
- KEY POINTS TO KEEP IN MIND:
- Support for nurses and sense of being part of a team
- Fidelity to the model
- Research is limited on variations



The Dallas Morning News

"If there is any hope that Congress' new health care bill will put some restraints around the growth in medical costs, it rests in the part of the proposal that calls for rewarding programs that reshape how medicine gets practiced...the Administration has the chance to invest in one such program – the Nurse-Family Partnership – when it starts giving out \$1.5 billion in home health care grants..." 5.25.10



"We're all better off if we make the investment upfront. I would rather see us be involved early and have it be an educational situation, as opposed to no involvement and then become part of the criminal justice system."

Patrick Perez, sheriff of Kane County, IL and member of Fight Crime: Invest in Kids 4.14.10

TIME

"If you want to invest societal resources where they will have the biggest benefit for all of us, clearly the evidence is there now that protecting children from the worst kinds of deprivation in their youngest years will result in more functional, capable, prosocial citizens." Martha Farah, director of the Center for Cognitive Neuroscience at the University of PA 3.2.09

THE NEW YORKER

"Infant development strategies, like other forms of social capital, are perversely distributed in America - fetishized in places where babies are fundamentally secure and likely to prosper, undervalued in places where babies are not. The NFP aims, in a fashion, at equalization."

Katherine Boo 2.6.06

Full coverage: www.nursefamilypartnership.org > About > News

Nurse-Family Partnership is Endorsed as a Model Program by

Coalition for Evidence-Based Policy

A Project Sponsored by



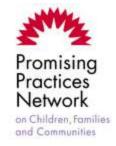


Washington State Institute for Public Policy

World Health Organization











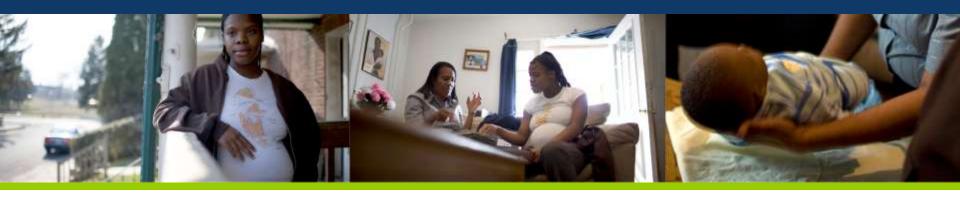


Office of Juvenile
Justice & Delinquency
Prevention





National Institute on Early Education Research



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